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ANALYZE OF THE MOST POPULAR WEB DATA EXTRACTION TOOLS

Эльфадил Хамза

Одеський Національний Політехнічний Університет, УКРАЇНА

ANNOTATION. The main motivation of this work is to show and analyze a categorization of the tools explaining the weak and strong points of data extraction tools and how to use them.

Introduction: Nowadays we live in a world where information is present everywhere in our daily life. In particular we are going to concentrate on the information we find in Web pages. At the beginning, the Web was designed as a source of data for a human use. It was built to guarantee that the content and the information could easily be understood and read by humans but not prepared to be used as data able to be treated by other applications.

Purpose of the work: We are going to use a set of tools that have been specifically designed for this purpose. We will explain the data extraction process and then we will characterize each of these tools.

Research result: The aim of this section is to give a general view to the reader of each of the tools used in this document. Its main features are shown here.

• Dapper

Dapper is an online tool which allows the user to extract information from Websites.

To use it all what we need is an Internet browser and Internet connection as this service is only available online. Dapper is at the moment in beta phase but it is totally functional. The usage of Dapper is totally free and we only need to create a new account to use it. We can create our own wrappers (or Dapps as they are called) or use wrappers already created from other registered users. Dapper is one of the easiest tools to use as its interface is totally graphical. Apart from extracting data it allows you to create Flash widgets or alerts using the extracted information. Link a Dapp output to another Dapp input to create some new Dapps is another useful functionality. With Dapper after following the standard steps to select the content of interest we could receive all the information without problems. We grouped the information distinguishing the main title, the description and the players list.

• Robomaker

Robomaker is a Web 2.0 developer platform for creating mashups. The tool lets the user create RSS feeds, REST Web Services or Webclips in few steps. It is provided with powerful programming features including interactive visual programming, full debugging capabilities, an overview of the program state and easy access to context-sensitive online help, these features make it really complete and dynamic. It can be used in both Windows and Linux platforms. Robomaker presented no problems when extracting simple data. We only had to select the title and the description to extract these fields and introduce a loop to select all the players.

• Lixto

The Lixto Visual Developer (VD) is a software tool that allows the user to define wrappers, which visually access data in a structured way, as well as configuring the necessary Web connectors. The program is originally from a research project of the Technical University of Vienna that becomes later in the Lixto Software. It provides businesses with effective, user-friendly, and time critically viable wrapping, integration and delivery of information all in the same product. First of all we have to know that Lixto VD only extracts our results in the XML format. First of all we have to create a Lixto Data Model to specify how the output to our XML file will be.

• WinTask

WinTask is a Windows tool used to automate repetitive tasks or actions which should run at a certain moment. One of its features is data extraction of Web sites. WinTask can launch the URL to load, send a userid and an encrypted password if it is a secure site, conduct searches, and navigate to the different pages where some field contents have to be extracted. This tool is only available in the

trial-version, if we want full functionality we have to buy it. It works by using its own scripts so at the beginning it can be a little hard to familiarize with the syntax. To extract data with WinTask we have to edit a script file that will extract all the fields of interest. First of all, we need two orders, one to open the Internet explorer and other one to load the Web page source. Then we only have to use the graphical interface to extract all the fields. No problems have been encountered with this tool and all the information has correctly been extracted.

• Automation Anywhere

Automation Anywhere is a Windows tool that lets the user record click and mouse movements and to create tasks in desktop that could interact with our programs. It can also record from the Web, this consists basically of creating a navigation sequence and extract data of our interest. We can also use templates to realize concrete tasks or use the task editor that lets the user create a task using some predefined actions, conditions, scripts, mouse and keyboard activity... This tool is only available in the trial-version, if we want full functionality we have to buy it. With Automation Anywhere we only have to create new variables to save the extracted values. Once created, we only have to select the specific content to extract and establish the relation to these variables. Then our results are extracted and can be outputted.

• web Content Extractor

Web Content Extractor is a Windows tool that allows the user to create a project for a particular site, extract data from it and store it in the current projects database. The extracted data can be exported to a variety of formats including Microsoft Excel (CSV), Access, TXT, HTML, XML, SQL script or MySQL script. As it happens with the two tools analyzed before, we could only download the trial version of Web Content Extractor.

• Roadrunner

Roadrunner is a project of the database departments of the *Università di Roma Tre* and the *Università della Basilicata*. This tool generates a wrapper for the analysis of similarities and differences from several sample files of the same class. With this tool, a class is an amount of pages generated by the same script, so structurally the same, but in some places both content are quantitatively different. This wrapper is a representation of the investigated sample files in the form of a regular expression or so-called union-free regular expression (UFRE). Web Content Extractor presented no problems when extracting these fields. With this tool we only have to select the Web page source and select the fields we want to extract. We have to name each of the extracted fields to be referenced.

• XWRAP

XWRAP is a tool that was developed at the Georgia Institute of Technology. Its developers described it as an XML-enabled wrapper construction system for Web information sources. The toolkit includes three components: Object and Element extraction, filter interface extraction and code generation. The wrappers are generated as Java classes. To use it we have to enter the URL of our desired Web site and the customization of the extraction process results is done via the Web by XWRAP. To use it we need a separate Web server (such as Apache Tomcat). Using this tool to configure the data extraction process we have to edit the *sample.php* file

• Webharvest

Webharvest is an Open Source Web Data Extraction tool written in Java. It offers a way to collect desired Web pages and extract useful data from them. In order to do that, it leverages well established techniques and technologies for text/XML manipulation such as *XSLT*, *XQuery* and *Regular Expressions*. Web-Harvest mainly focuses on HTML/XML based Web sites which still make vast majority of the Web content.

• Goldseeker

Goldseeker is a data extraction tool, specifically a script under the GNU LGPL license. It was built to extract formatted data from HTML files, but it can be used with all kind of files. Its behavior is defined by a rule-based configuration file. It can process files on the local server or directly get Web

pages via Internet. It is a development version, uncommented, undebugged and unfinished. Nevertheless, it can already be used for simple extractions.

Conclusion. On the other hand it is true that depending on the user profile and the dataextraction needs one tool will be more suitable than another. Considering that a final user profile is a single user or an enterprise (or researching group) and taking care of the complexity of the extractions and the price of the license, we are going to construct a table. The presented order of the tools is used to give priority to the best ones.

Single user		Enterprise or researching group	
Basic extractions	Complex extractions	Basic extractions	Complex extractions
<p>1- Dapper</p> <p>2- Webharvest</p> <p>3- Goldseeker</p>	<p>1- Robomaker</p>	<p>1- Web Content Extractor</p> <p>2- Dapper</p> <p>3- Webharvest</p> <p>4- Wintask</p> <p>5- Goldseeker</p> <p>6- Automation Anywhere</p>	<p>1- Robomaker</p> <p>2- Lixto</p>

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